#### REQUEST FOR BOARD ACTION

#### HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

**MEETING DATE:** June 6, 2011

**SUBJECT:** State Landslide Hazard Mapping for Henderson County

**PRESENTER:** Senior Geologist Rick Wooten, NC Geological Survey Agency

**ATTACHMENTS:** 1. Summary Sheet

2. PowerPoint Presentation

#### **SUMMARY OF REQUEST:**

The NC Geological Survey (NCGS), an agency within the NC Department of Environment & Natural Resources (DENR), began the development of a series of county maps that identify higher risk areas for landslides and their debris flow locations. As a result of state legislation, the NCGS completed mapping for four counties in Western North Carolina with Henderson County being the most recent.

NCGS staff plans to provide a brief overview of the mapping results. Mr. Rick Wooten, P.G., is a Senior Geologist for Geohazards and Engineering Geology with the NCGS and has led the Landslide Hazard Mapping Program for the last several years. The NCGS is a non-regulatory agency within DENR and the landslide hazard mapping creates no regulations. The attachments provided give key points about the mapping results.

It appears that the proposed budget (beginning July 1, 2011) for DENR will eliminate funding for all staffing but one position for this program. As a result this may be the final opportunity for the Board to hear directly from the individuals responsible for the maps' preparation.

#### **BOARD ACTION REQUESTED:**

Staff requests the Board to hear the information and provide any direction to staff that it deems appropriate. No action is required by the Board.

Suggested Motion: None provided.



North
Carolina
Geological
Survey

# Henderson County Landslide Hazard Mapping

Data and

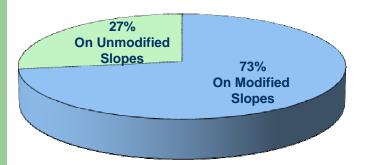
- Where landslides occurred Slope Movements/Deposits
- **Mapping Products**
- Mapping Where landslides might start Stability Index Map
- Products

   Where landslides might go Potential Debris Flow Pathways

# **Landslide Facts For Henderson County**

- 88 modern landslides in the last
   94 years
- 3 homes destroyed, 6 deaths attributed to landslides in 1916
- 6% of county (4.4% of private land) is high hazard based on Stability Index Map
- 14% of county (10.2% of private land) within Potential Debris Flow Pathways
- 96% of landslides starting on unmodified ground are on slopes of 28° (53%) or steeper
- Slope failures on modified ground have occurred where premodified ground slopes were as low as 22° (40%)

# Where landslides have started in Henderson County



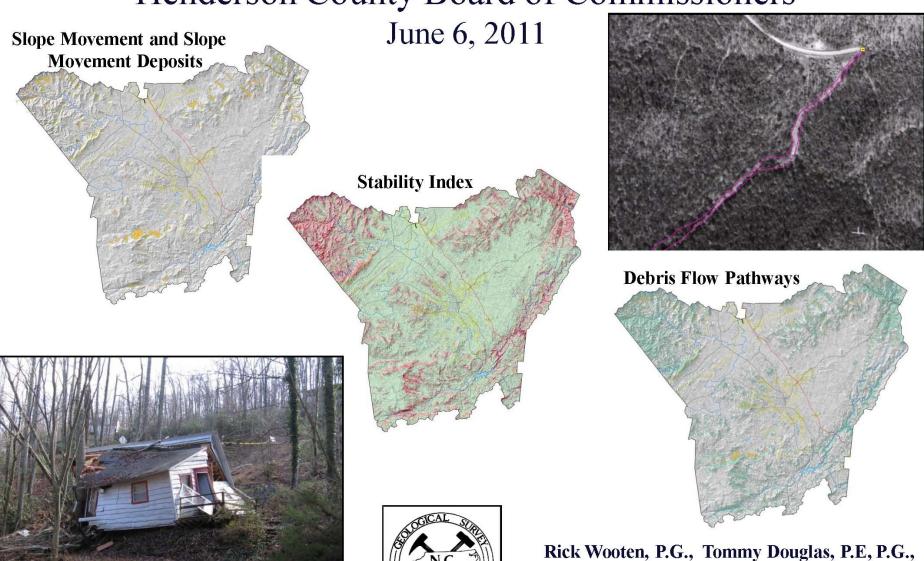
MORE LANDSLIDES HAVE OCCURRED ON MODIFIED SLOPES

#### For Additional Information:

Richard M. Wooten, P.G. Senior Geologist for Geohazards and Engineering Geology North Carolina Geological Survey

828-296-4500 rick.wooten@ncdenr.gov www.geology.enr.state.nc.us

## Landslide Hazard Maps for Henderson County Henderson County Board of Commissioners



Rick Wooten, P.G., Tommy Douglas, P.E, P.G., Anne Witt, Ken Gillon, P.G., Stephen Fuemmeler, P.G., Jennifer Bauer, P.G, Rebecca Latham, E.I.

## **Hurricane Recovery Act of 2005**

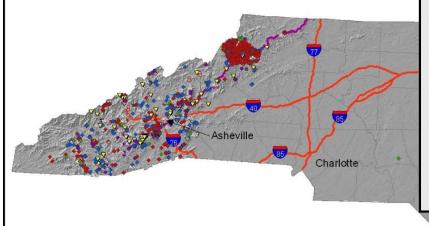
- G.26. Provides funds for geological studies on priority landslide areas. The purpose is to better inform homeowners of potential risks stemming from potential landslides.
- VI.6.(ii) ...maps indicating the areas vulnerable to landslides are made available for the same multicounty area. (19 Declared disaster counties)

## The intent of the Landslide Hazard Maps is to:

- To protect public safety, provide the public, local government, and local and state emergency agencies with a planning tool that describes and locates areas...
  - Where landslides have happened or are happening,
    - Where they are likely to occur in the future, and
- The general areas downslope that are at risk from these landslides.



#### North Carolina Slope Movement Geodatabase



- ✓ Macon County
- ✓ Watauga County
- ✓ Buncombe County
- Henderson County
- Jackson County in progress

Total Slope Movements: 2893

Slope Movements

General Slope Movement 
Debris Slide/Flow 
Composite

Debris/Earth Flow 
Rock Fall/Slide 
Creep

Debris/Earth Slide 
Weathered Rock Slide 
Other

Wilmington

Updated: January 4, 2011



North Carolina Geological Survey

## Henderson County Landslide Hazard Mapping

Data and

· Where landslides occurred - Slope Movements/Deposits

Mapping

Mapping · Where landslides might start - Stability Index Map

Products . Where landslides might go - Potential Debris Flow Pathways

# Landslide Facts For Henderson County

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Where landslides have started in Henderson County



MORE LANDSLIDES HAVE OCCURRED ON MODIFIED SLOPES

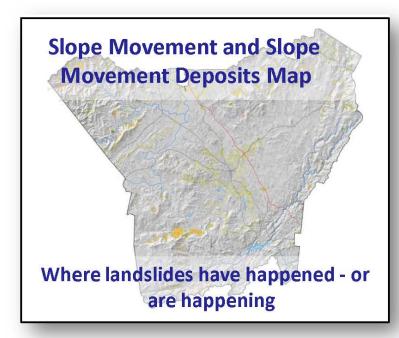
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### 88 landslides

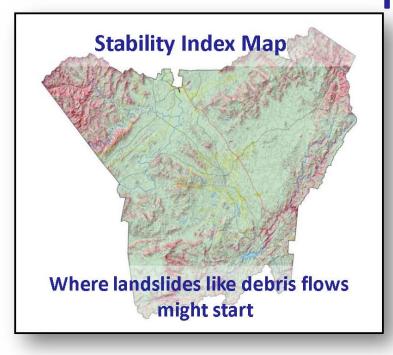
- 64 (73%) on modified ground.
- 24 (27%) on unmodified ground.
- 421 landslide deposit areas – areas of past landslide activity

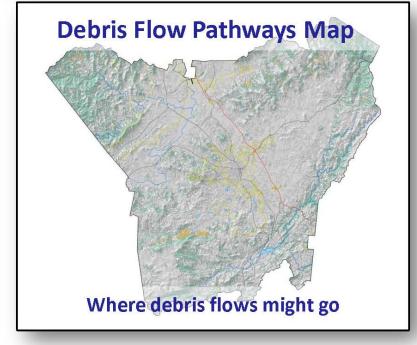


# GIS Digital Products

# - Geodatabase - Specific information on:

- Landslides
- Location coordinates
- Slope angle
- · Soil
- Rock
- Vegetation
- Type of slope: unmodified; modified - cut, fill





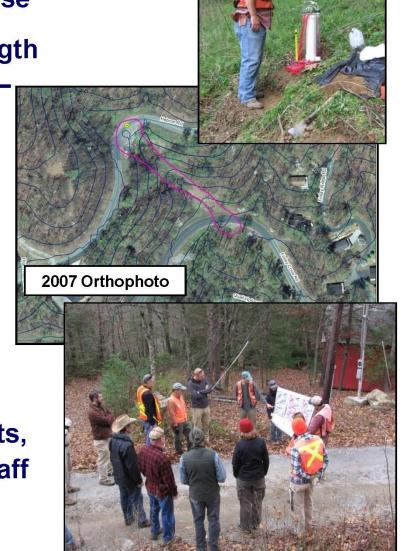
**Henderson County Landslide Mapping Process** 

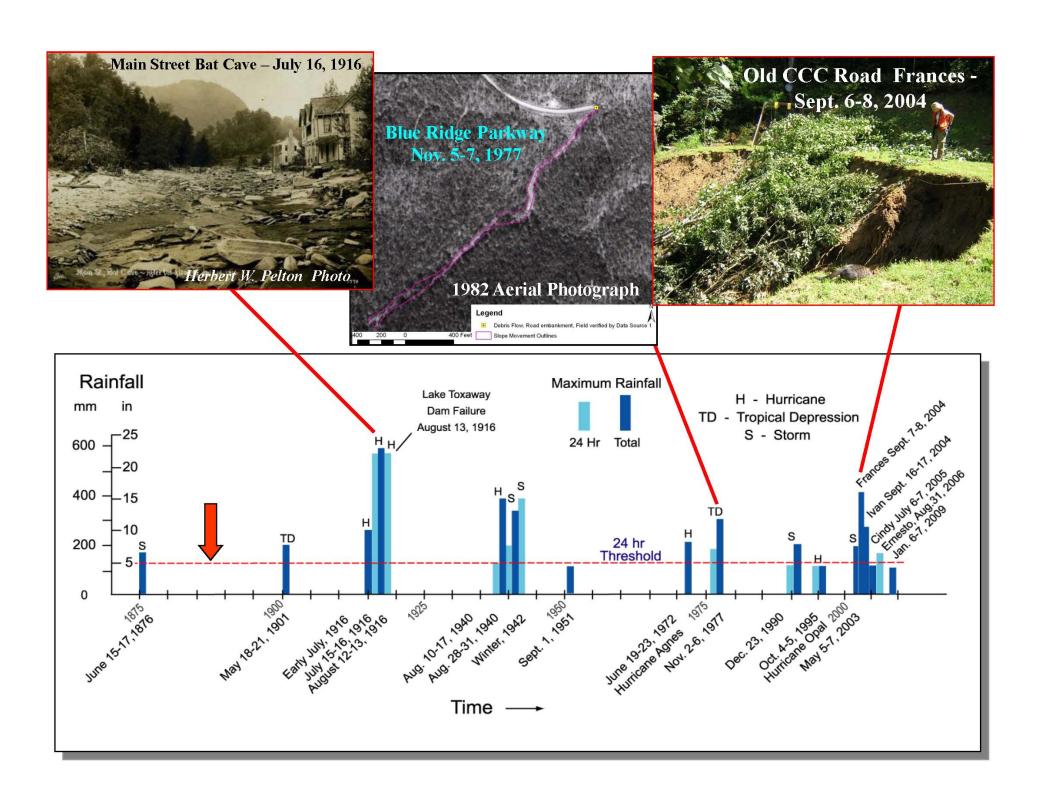
2,000 field data points.

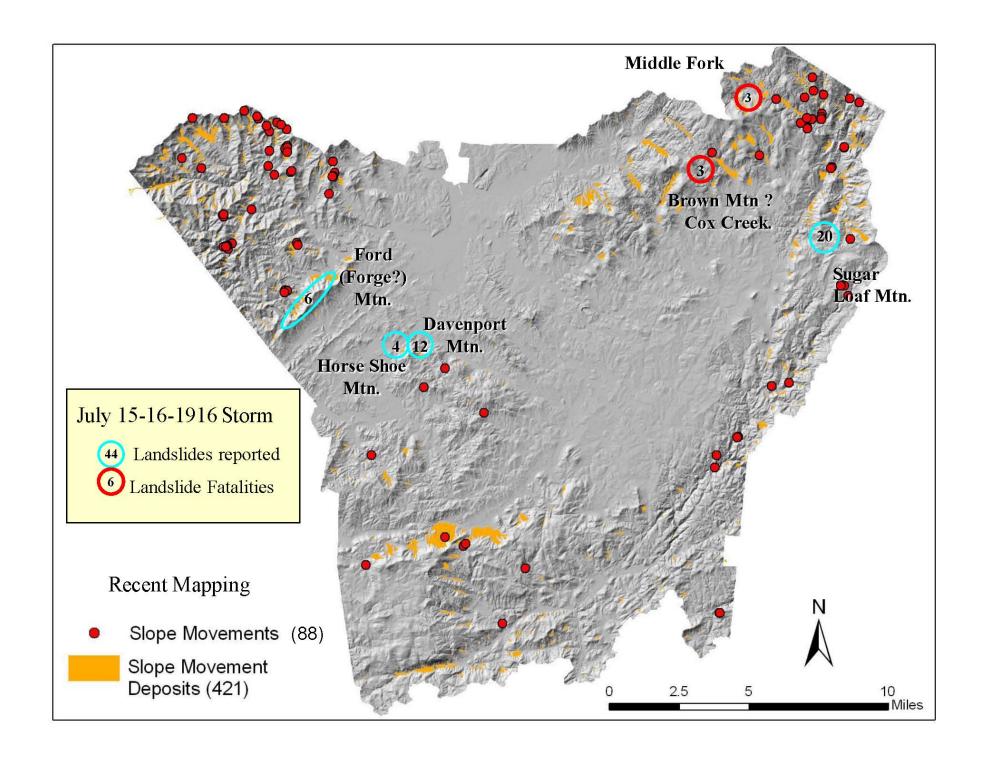
26 soil tests (NCDOT) + NCDOT Database

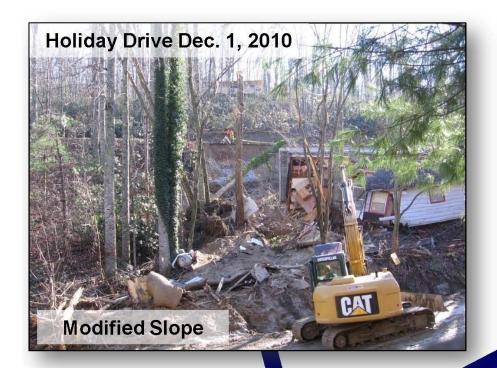
 5 detailed study sites: incl. shear strength hydraulic conductivity (2 - DuPont S.F. – Transylvania)

- 400 miles of ground covered;
   >43 miles on foot
- Aerial / orthophotography: 1951, 1982,
   1984, 1993, 2001, 1998, 2007 (cost share).
- USDA Soil Survey 2008.
- Geologic Maps
- Field review by geologists, soil scientists, hydrogeologists, County Planning &GIS staff



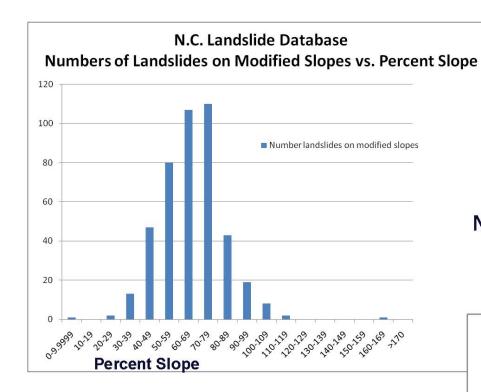




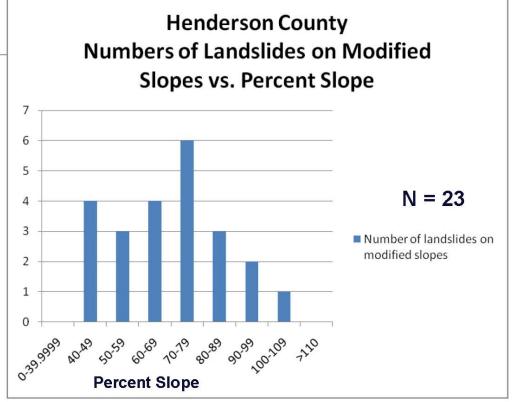




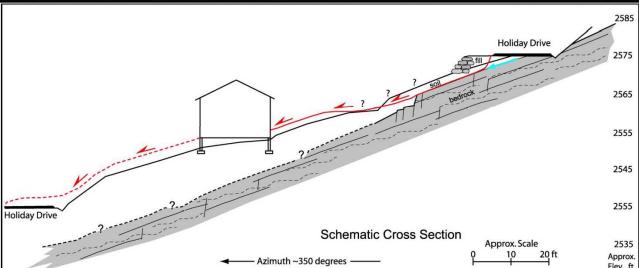
Slope Movement Type	Modified	Unmodified	Public	Private	Pul	blic Private		vate	Total	% of Total
					Modified	Unmodified	Modified	Unmodified		
Debris or Earth flow	21	20	21	20	9	12	12	8	41	46.6%
Debris or Earth slide and flow	4	1	3	2	2	1	2		5	5.7%
Debris or Earth slide	13	1	6	8	5	1	8		14	15.9%
Debris or Earth slide-rotational	0	1	0	1			1		1	1.1%
Debris or Earth slide-translational	12	0	3	9	3		9		12	13.6%
Rock fall	1	0	0	1			1		1	1.1%
Rock slide-general	5	0	4	1	4		1		5	5.7%
Rock slide-translational	1	0	1		1			)	1	1.1%
Weathered rock slide	2	0	0	2			2		2	2.3%
Weathered rock slide-rotational	1	1	1	1		1	1		2	2.3%
Weathered rock slide-translational	4	0	1	3	1		3		4	4.5%
Total	64	24	40	48	25	15	40	8	88	100.0%
% of Total	72.7%	27.3%			62.5%	37.5%	83.3%	16.7%	100.0%	



N = 433











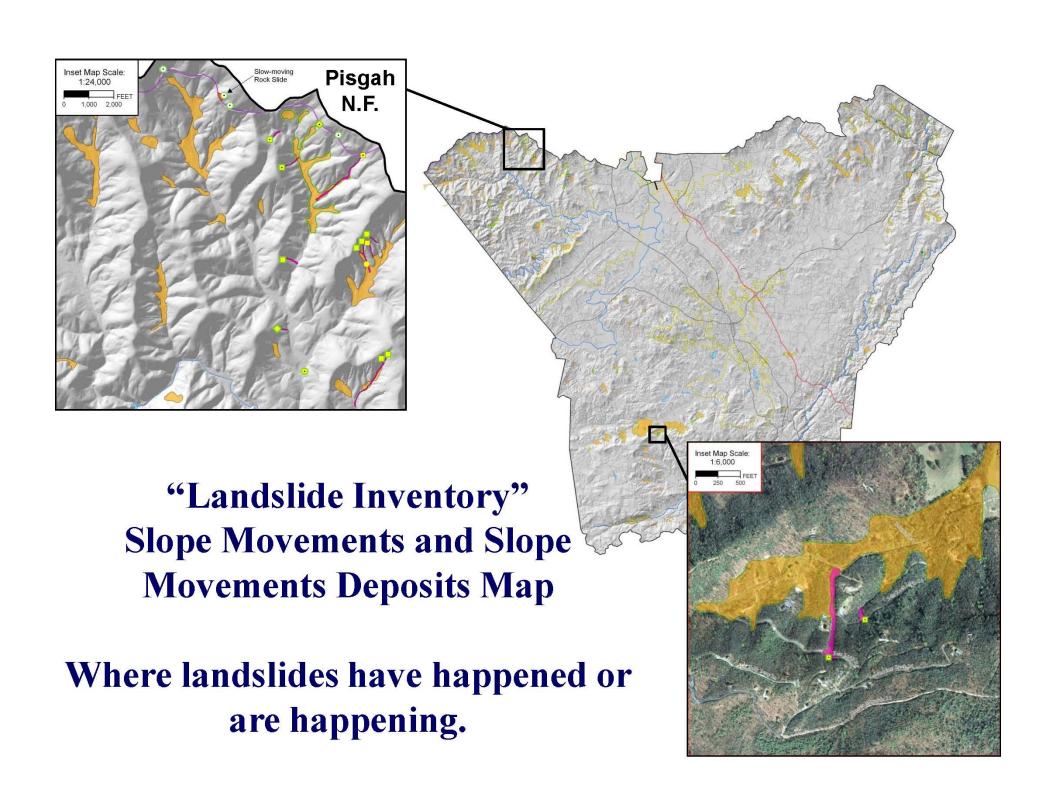
## **Holiday Drive**

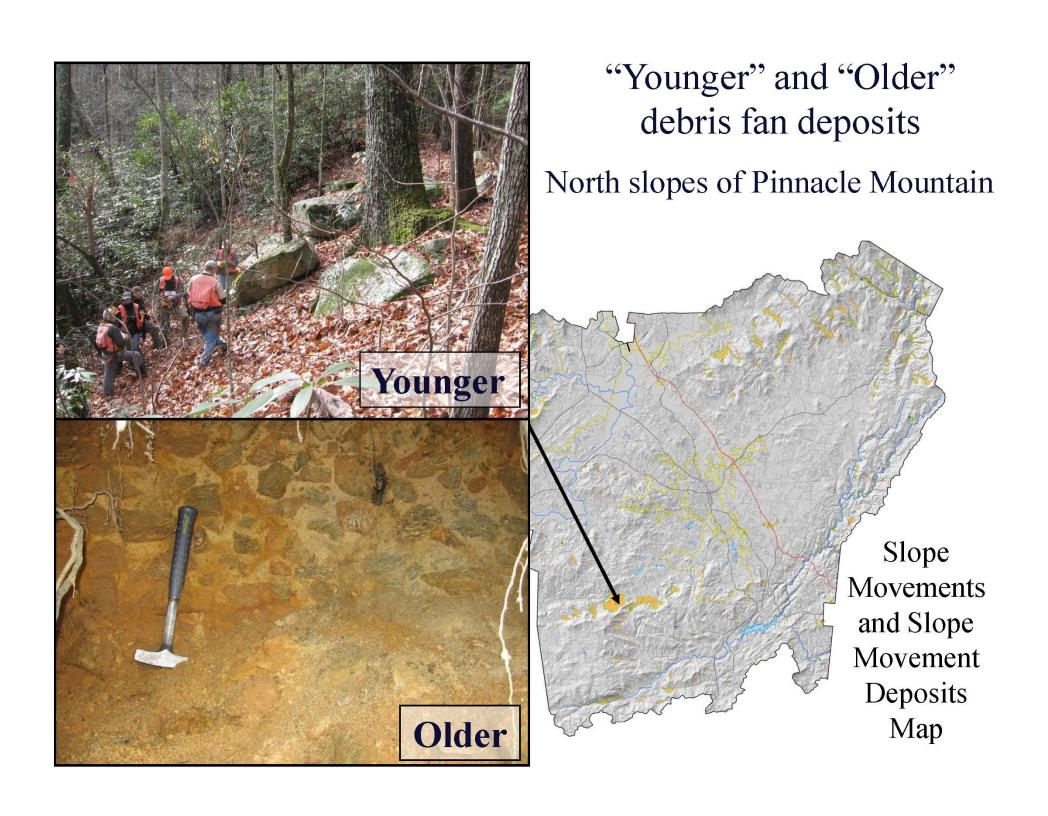
9:45 p.m. 11/30/19

~2:00 a.m. 12/1/10

~7-8 inches of rain in 24 hrs

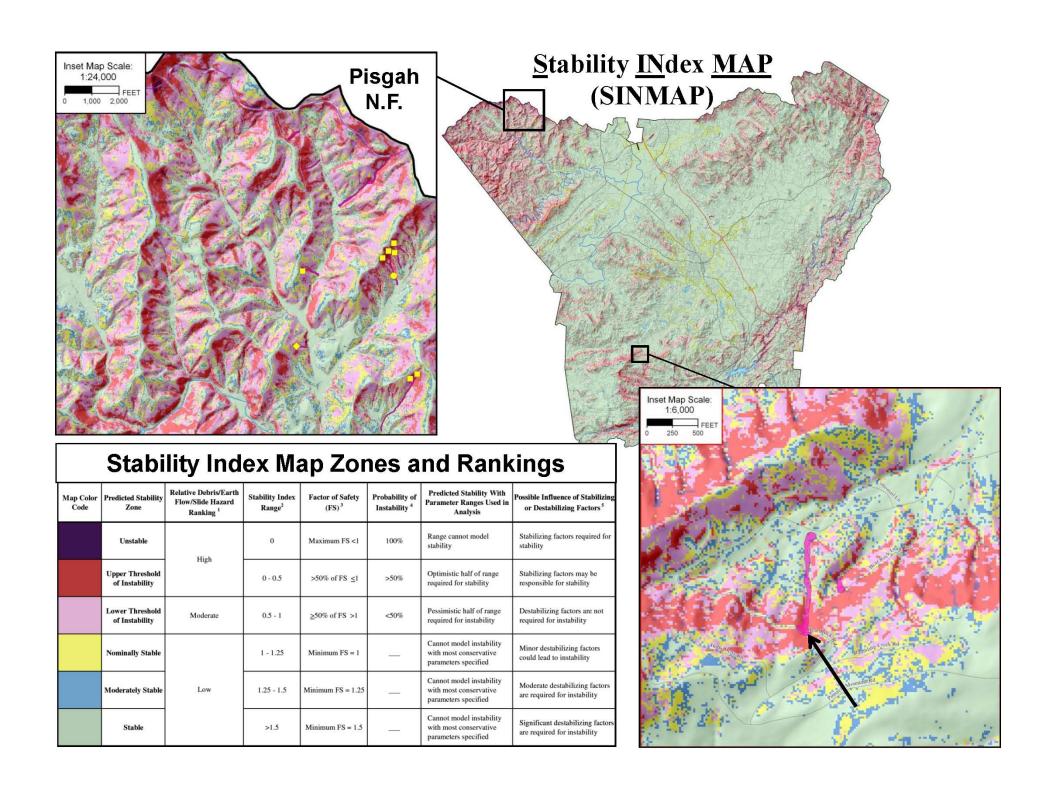






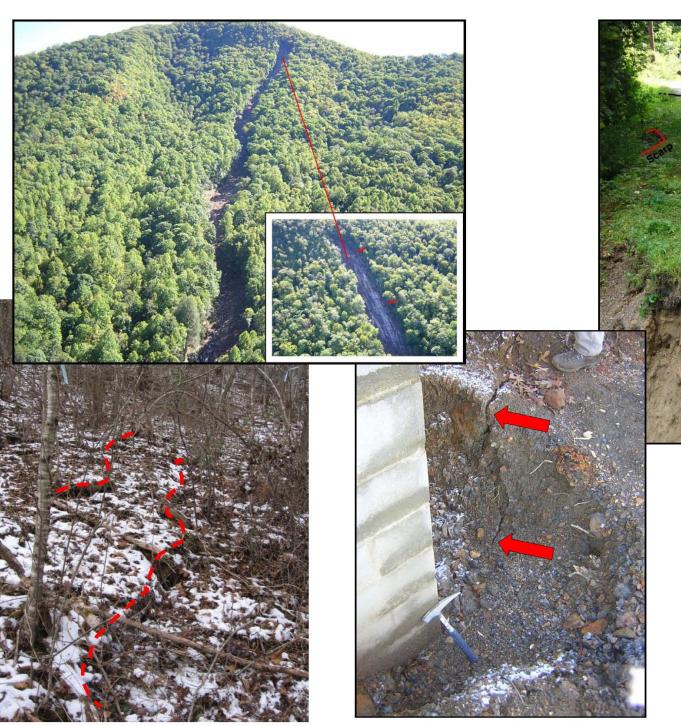


U.S. 64 **Bat Cave** Active **Cut Slope** Failure



## **Stability INdex MAP (SINMAP)**

- Where landslides like debris flows and debris slides might start locations where the factor of safety is likely to be less than 1.
- GIS model built and calibrated with field data to identify potential debris flow initiation zones.
- $\geq$  5 inches of rainfall in 24 hours.
- Unmodified or "natural slopes." 23 calibration landslides in Henderson County.



Examples
Factors of
Safety <1

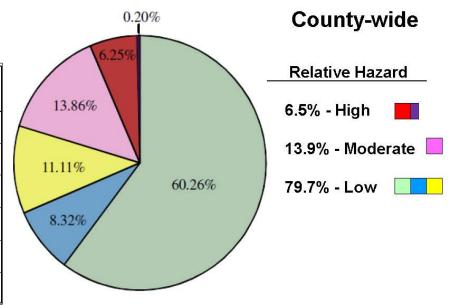
Factor of Safety <1 before Frances

Subsiding Road

### **Stability Index Map Stability Zones**

and Rankings

Map Color Code	Predicted Stability Zone	Relative Debris/Earth Flow/Slide Hazard Ranking <sup>1</sup>	Stability Index Range <sup>2</sup>	Factor of Safety (FS) <sup>3</sup>	Probability of Instability <sup>4</sup>	Predicted Stability With Parameter Ranges Used in Analysis	Possible Influence of Stabilizing or Destabilizing Factors <sup>5</sup>
	Unstable	High	0	Maximum FS <1	100%	Range cannot model stability	Stabilizing factors required for stability
	Upper Threshold of Instability	ıngtı	0 - 0.5	>50% of FS <1	>50%	Optimistic half of range required for stability	Stabilizing factors may be responsible for stability
	Lower Threshold of Instability	Moderate	0.5 - 1	≥50% ofFS >1	<50%	Pessimistic half of range required for instability	Destabilizing factors not required for instability
	Nominally Stable		1 - 1.25	Minimum FS = 1	2	Cannot model instability with most conservative parameters specified	Minor destabilizing factors could lead to instability
	Moderately Stable	Low	1.25 - 1.5	Minimum FS = 1.25	_	Cannot model instability with most conservative parameters specified	Moderate destabilizing factors are required for instability
	Stable		>1.5	Minimum FS = 1.5	_	Cannot model instability with most conservative parameters specified	Significant destabilizing factors are required for instability



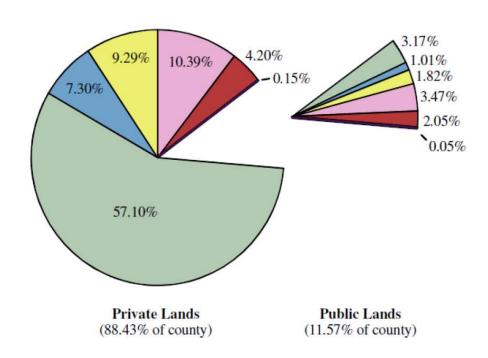
#### Relative Hazard - Private Lands

% of County % of Private Land
4.4% 4.9%

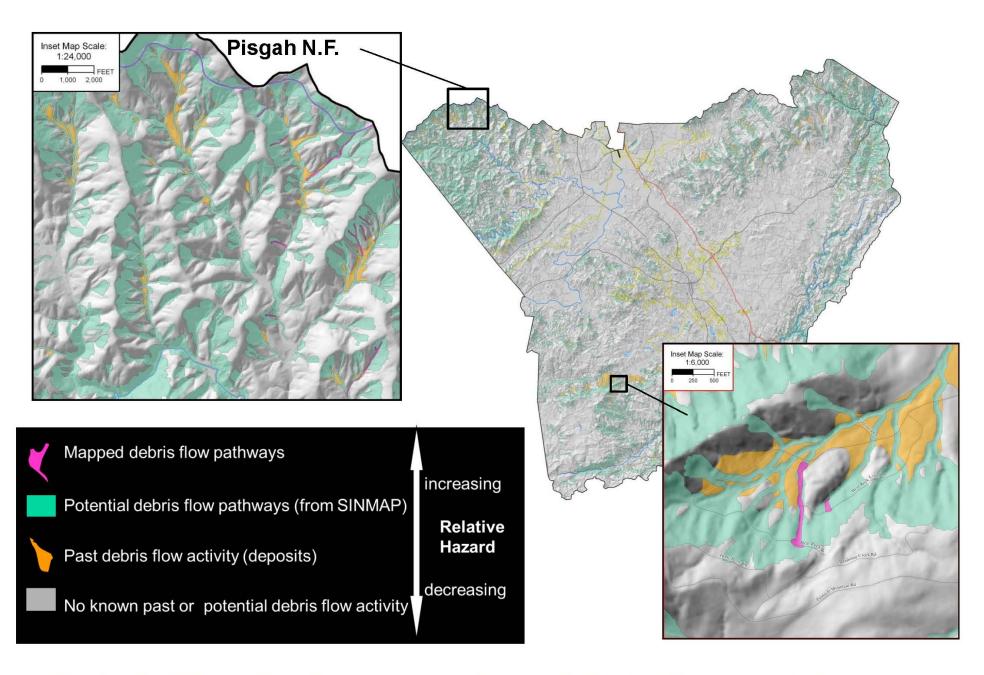
Moderate 10.4% 11.8%

High

Low 73.7% 83.3%







Debris Flow Pathways – where debris flows might go.

## Methodology

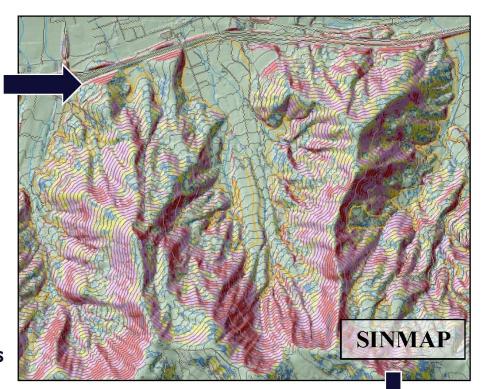
- Hydrologic Flow paths generated from high hazard
   SINMAP zones using LiDAR DEM.
- Flow paths buffered to 65 ft (20 m) wide.
- Flow paths terminated:
  - At slopes of 3 degrees in areas > 0.25 acres.
  - When they encounter the 500-year floodplain boundary as mapped by the N.C. Floodplain Mapping Program.
  - When they encounter mapped impoundments
     > 0.25 acres.
  - At bases of cut slopes.

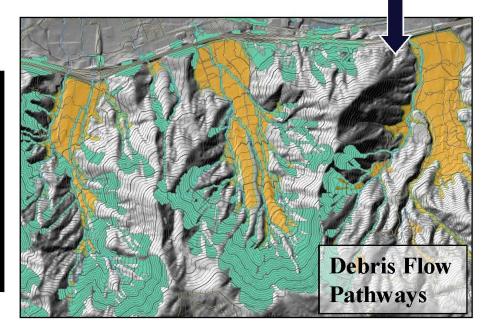
Mapped debris flow pathways

Potential debris flow pathways

Past debris flow activity (deposits)

No known past or potential debris flow activity





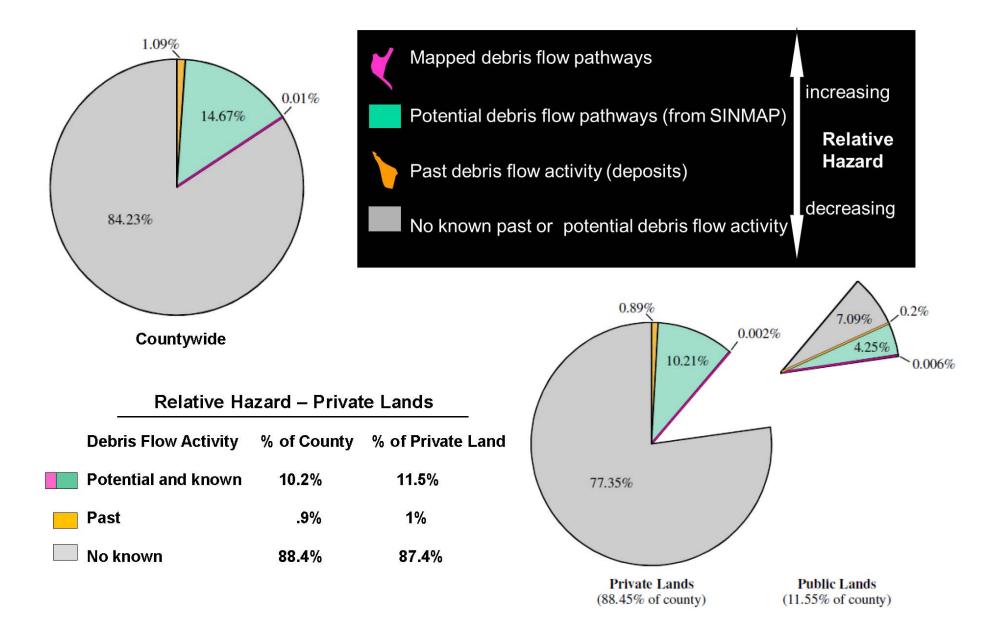
increasing

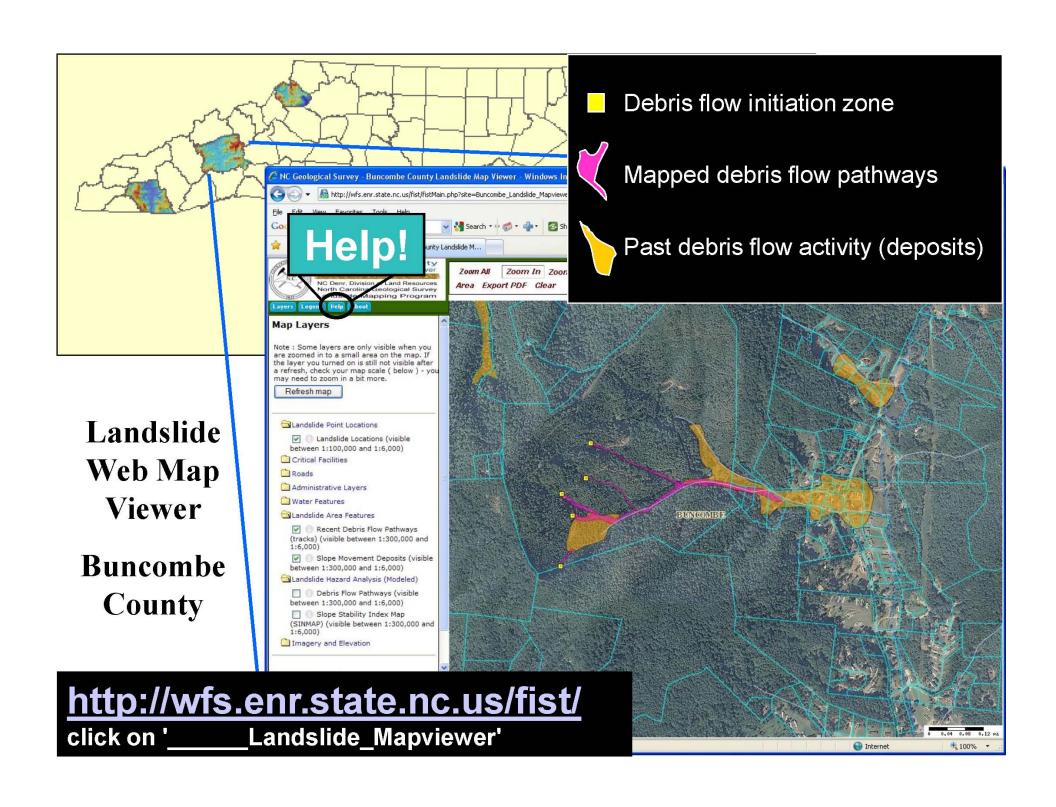
Relative Hazard

decreasing



## Debris Flow Pathways – Where debris flow might go if they start





- Planning and screening tool for local governments, emergency management, and the public.
  - Delivered to County in a Geographic Information System.
    - Not regulatory at state level.
      - Can be used at the parcel-parcel group level.
        - Not the final word at the parcel parcel group level.
        - Do not substitute for a site-specific investigation.
      - Identify areas where detailed investigations by qualified individuals are warranted and recommended before ground-disturbing activities.
  - Provides the 'big picture' perspective beyond the site.

# National Floodplain Insurance: Mudflows

(or Debris Flows) Landslides

Mudflows (or debris flows) are rivers of rock, earth, and other debris saturated with water."

"Although floods and mudflows are covered under the NFIP, landslides are not covered. Under a flood insurance policy a property is covered for the portion of the damage to the insured building or contents caused by the flood and mudflow, but not the portion of damage caused by the landslide."

FEMA Special Hazards Supplement to the CRS Coordinator's Manual 2006



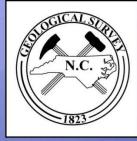
Landslide (weathered-rock slide)



## Acknowledgements: NCDOT, USGS, NRCS, NCDWQ-APS, ASU,



Local Government, Henderson County Residents



# **QUESTIONS?**

**North Carolina Geological Survey** 

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http://www.geology.enr.state.nc.us

http://www.geology.enr.state.nc.us/Landslide Info/Landslides main.htm

Web Map Viewers - http://wfs.enr.state.nc.us/fist/