REQUEST FOR BOARD ACTION

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

MEETING DATE: November 3, 2008

SUBJECT: Engineer Agreement with McGill & Associates

FY09 Stormwater Master Plan Henderson County Engineering

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

1. Proposed Engineer Agreement with McGill & Associates

2. Stormwater Management Update Presentation

SUMMARY OF REQUEST:

As directed by the Board during the September 17, 2008 and October 15, 2008 Board of Commissioners meetings, Engineering staff has negotiated the attached, proposed Engineer Agreement with McGill & Associates to perform the FY09 Stormwater Master Plan. Also during the September 17th Meeting, McGill & Associates was selected as the most qualified firm to perform the Master Plan. In addition to the agreement with McGill & Associates, Lapsley & Associates will be working with them under a sub-agreement to perform portions of this project.

The Master Plan will inventory existing conditions within critical areas of the County, model stormwater, develop and prioritize improvements and develop a proposed Stormwater Ordinance for the Land Development Code. The Stormwater Ordinance will create a delegated Stormwater Program from the State similar to the County's delegate Erosion Control program begun in October 2007. In turn, a County Stormwater Program would not be an additional expense to our community; it would simply move the Stormwater fees (and possible job) from the Raleigh to the County. The approved Clean Water Management Trust Fund Mini-Grant and local match will fund this Master Plan. The attached presentation provides further information on Stormwater Management and a County delegated program.

The proposed agreement with McGill & Associates to perform the above scope of services is \$70,000. The scheduled completion of the study is March 2009 which will allow staff to incorporate proposed findings into the FY10 budget process. The funding for the Master Plan is from the approved Clean Water Management Trust Fund grant of \$50,000 and the local match of \$20,000 which is included in the FY09 budget.

BOARD ACTION REQUESTED:

Authorize the County Engineer to execute the proposed agreement for \$70,000 with McGill & Associates to conduct the FY09 Stormwater Master Plan.

Suggested Motion:

I move that the Board authorize the County Engineer to execute the proposed agreement for \$70,000 with McGill & Associates to conduct the FY09 Stormwater Master Plan.

Project Scope of Services Stormwater Master Plan Henderson County, North Carolina

Project Overview

General

Henderson County has received a Stormwater Mini-Grant from the Clean Water Management Trust Fund to develop a comprehensive stormwater management plan. County officials are anxious to use this opportunity to implement a comprehensive, innovative, and aggressive stormwater program. This Scope of Services pertains to the engineering services associated with the Clean Water Management Trust Grant application.

II. Stormwater Master Plan Scope of Services

The Henderson County Stormwater Master Plan will:

- Assess current stormwater ordinances regulations and policies.
- Implement the requirements of the NPDES Phase II Permit including NPDES outfall inventory and illicit discharge detection and collection and assessment of existing stormwater infrastructure conditions and capacity for Henderson County facilities.
- Collect and assess existing stormwater infrastructure conditions and capacity for specific problem areas as identified by Henderson County.
- Collect and assess existing stream channel conditions for water quality degradation and capacity for specific problem areas as identified by Henderson County.
- Develop solutions for stormwater quantity issues.
- Develop solutions for stormwater quality issues.
- Create a Capital Improvements Plan (CIP) to manage current and future stormwater needs for Henderson County.

Task 1 - Creating a Stormwater Ordinance

McGill Associates will review existing Henderson County ordinances, regulations, and policies that pertain to stormwater, water quality, land development, sediment and erosion control, and flood protection. McGill Associates will review the State of North Carolina Phase II Stormwater Model Ordinance to determine which sections are applicable to Henderson County.

McGill Associates will review existing stormwater ordinances, regulations, and policies of municipalities similar to Henderson County. McGill Associates will create a matrix



that will be used to compare the major components of each ordinance, regulation, and policy. Based on the information gathered and referenced in the matrix along with the input from Henderson County staff, McGill Associates will create and recommend a Stormwater Ordinance, including illicit discharge provisions as outlined in the NC Phase II Model Ordinance, which will reflect the stormwater management goals of Henderson County. The development of the Stormwater Ordinance may consolidate existing sediment and erosion control and watershed ordinances. The draft ordinance will be formatted into the Natural Resources section of the Henderson County Land Development Code.

Task 2 – Inventory of Existing Henderson County Facilities Stormwater Infrastructure

McGill Associates will create an inventory protocol for the critical stormwater infrastructure for specific Henderson County facilities as determined by Henderson County staff. McGill Associates will work cooperatively with Henderson County staff to employ proper inventory and data collection techniques and database development. Due to the size and area of the existing Henderson County stormwater infrastructure, a complete inventory will not be feasible for this project.

The County facilities to be inventoried will include the following:

- Landfill and Animal Shelter Property
- · King Street Office Building
- Human Services Building Property
- Courthouse and Detention Center Property
- Historic Courthouse Property
- Garage/ Maintenance Property
- Parks
 - Jackson Park
 - o Dana Park
 - o East Flat Rock Park
 - Etowah Park
 - Westfelt Park
 - o Edneyville Park (existing and under-construction)

Other County facilities may include the following:

- Chamber of Commerce Building
- Spectrum Youth Shelter
- Travel and Tourism
- Nuckolls Building
- EMS Offices
- Libraries
 - o Hendersonville
 - o Etowah
 - Green River
 - o Edneyville



NPDES Outfall Inventory

In consultation with Henderson County, a standard illicit discharge collection protocol for Henderson County facilities will be created; it will be consistent with the NPDES Phase II requirements. NPDES outfall inventory will be conducted according to the following:

- Outfalls will be mapped using North Carolina State Plane grid coordinates and will be described using the attribution specified in the geospatial database created for Henderson County.
- The minimum pipe size for NPDES Outfalls collected that do not show signs of illicit discharge will be 12-inches in diameter.
- There will be no pipe size limitation for identifying potential illicit discharges (dry weather flows, significant discoloration, significant odor, significant temperature impacts, oil, grease, suds etc.).
- Shot placement will be on pipe inverts for NPDES outfalls.

During field data collection, the project team will be attentive to identifying severe illicit discharges. These observations will be immediately relayed to Henderson County for confirmation and any needed reconnaissance.

Task 3 – Inventory of Existing Critical Area Stormwater Infrastructure

The project team will collaborate with Henderson County to determine the critical stormwater areas and the structures to be inventoried for the stormwater master plan. The Henderson County staff will determine the critical stormwater areas of highest priority. These areas will include:

- 1. Mill Pond Creek (upstream of South Rugby Road)
- 2. Upper Mud Creek (from Berea Church Road to Middleton Road)
- 3. Reedy Patch Creek in Edneyville/Bat Cave (from St. Paul Rd to US 74)
- 4. All of Gash Creek in Etowah (on 303d list)

The inventory will include locating and attributing storm water conveyance structures such as pipes, culverts, bridges, junction boxes, catch basins, roadside ditches, drainage swales, open channel cross sections, and pipe outfalls. Inventory will be collected on pipes 12-inches in diameter and larger.

To expedite data collection procedures and to minimize the cost of the data collection, all structures will be collected with mapping grade accuracy.

Field stormwater conveyance inventory will be collected for open and closed storm drainage systems.



Open System Inventory Items

Typical open system items include, but are not limited to:

- · Natural channels and swales,
- · Engineered channels,
- Bridges,
- Culverts,
- · Channel cross sections,
- Wetlands,
- Detention/retention ponds, and
- Stormwater quantity and quality control Best Management Practices (BMPs).

Closed System Inventory Items

Typical closed system items include, but are not limited to:

- · Pipes,
- Headwalls,
- Catch basins,
- Junction boxes, and
- Underground storm water control BMPs.

Streambank Erosion and Scour

In addition, field evaluations will note and document specific streambank erosion problems, outlet structure erosion/scour issues, and general channel condition throughout the watersheds being evaluated. Digital photographs will be used wherever necessary to augment documentation information on the drainage system.

Task 4 – Mapping of Stormwater System

After completing the NPDES outfall inventory and limited stormwater infrastructure inventory, McGill Associates will create a GIS compatible digital map of the structures collected. McGill Associates will present the map to Henderson County for the purpose of utilizing the geo-database for in-house GIS data management system, which can be expanded in the future.

Task 5 – Hydrologic and Hydraulic Modeling

Capital improvements and policy decisions are made through the collection of stormwater infrastructure inventory and the engineering analysis using quantity-based and quality-based models. Modeling for a Stormwater Master Plan must consider the following components to focus on water quantity and quality:

- A hydrologic model for predicting the runoff characteristics of the designated drainage areas.
- A hydraulic model for simulating the movement of stormwater through the pipes and channels and its flooding effect on properties.
- A hydraulic model for calculating shear stress values, scour velocities, and streambank erosion potential.



 A water quality model to predict and evaluate pollutant runoff and the ability of BMPs to capture and remove those pollutants.

Modeling results will be used to approximate the existing hydrology and hydraulic conditions within the critical stormwater areas determined in Task 3. This process will allow the county to validate known problems or deficiencies in existing drainage systems and identify the extent of risk these deficiencies present. Modeling also uncovers capacity issues that may be unknown.

Modeling results greatly assist the development of alternatives for remedying inadequacies in the existing drainage system. The development of recommendations will be based on either eliminating flooding or pollutant runoff or minimizing the impact caused by the current conditions.

The models developed will be used to consider current and future conditions. McGill Associates will consider the changing impacts from the 10-year probable build-out conditions in developing possible capital improvements and stormwater management strategies.

McGill Associates will conduct closed system modeling with such models as hydraulic grade line spreadsheets, HydroCAD, Hydraflow, or XP-SWMM. Open channel routing will be computed by using the US Army Corps of Engineers HEC-RAS model.

Where applicable, the modeling for the critical areas will include information that meets the nine (9) elements of Section 319 program requirements to assist in future efforts for stream restoration funding.

Task 6 – Stormwater Related Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

The process used for developing CIP solutions and prioritizing them is as follows:

Cross Reference Deficiencies with Problems

Match identified problem areas (from the modeling in Task 5) with known complaints and areas of public health risk and safety concern, areas that are being threatened, or areas that are in need of protection. These areas will include:

- 1. Mill Pond Creek (upstream of South Rugby Road)
- 2. Upper Mud Creek (from Berea Church Road to Middleton Road)
- 3. Reedy Patch Creek in Edneyville/Bat Cave (from St. Paul Rd to US 74)
- 4. All of Gash Creek in Etowah (on 303d list)

Consider Solutions that will Foster Water Quality and Water Quantity

McGill Associates will develop alternatives that have varying levels of protection. These solutions will examine up-grading existing systems, re-designing existing systems, regional detention, structural and non-structural water quantity BMPs, structural and non-structural water quality BMPs, and rights of way. Stream restoration/enhancement/stabilization alternatives may be used to enhance the ability of identified stream sections to properly manage storm flows and provide better biological habitats.



Analysis Process

An analysis process to support prioritization of preferred improvements will be created. Recommendations and analysis will be based on priorities identified by Henderson County. McGill Associates will work with the county in evaluating different methodologies and will develop an evaluation or decision-making tool that is fair, objective, and defendable for CIP funding. When applicable, some areas of interest for the analysis include, but are not limited to:

- Number and severity of structure/house/business flooding,
- Number and severity of road flooding,
- · Age of storm drainage infrastructure,
- · Number and severity of water quality impacts,
- · Community impacts (for example, building, property, or aesthetic impacts),
- · Private property access and impact considerations,
- Cost of existing drainage system rehabilitation,
- Cost of recommended improvements,
- Availability of follow-up funding, and
- Current level of service provided by the existing drainage system and level of service and impacts provided by the recommendations.

Task 7 - Master Plan Document

McGill Associates will create a master plan document based on a 10-year time line. The development of the Master Plan document will include a summary of the previous tasks described herein, but also the detailing of implementation costs and schedules. Other improvements or recommendations may be non-structural in nature and can be phased accordingly to the Henderson County overall program implementation and ordinance development. Typical improvements that will be considered for implementation include:

- Enlarged culverts and/or pipe systems for improved capacity,
- Flood control structures,
- Structural and non-structural water quality BMPs,
- Improved channels for conveyance,
- Improved channels for water quality improvements, and
- Land use control and/or preservation.



Compensation

The entire fee for this project shall be a lump sum fee of \$70,000. The breakdown of fee per task is as follows.

Stormwater Master Plan\$70,000
Task 1 – Creating a Stormwater Ordinance\$15,000
Task 2 – Inventory of Existing County Facilities Stormwater Infrastructure\$5,000
Task 3 – Inventory of Existing Critical Area Stormwater Infrastructure\$12,000
Task 4 – Mapping of Stormwater System\$3,000
Task 5 – Hydrologic and Hydraulic Modeling\$17,000
Task 6 – Stormwater Related Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)\$10,000
Task 7 – Master Plan Document\$8,000

VI. Schedule

The anticipated start of this project is October 15, 2008. Per the requirements of the CWMTF grant this project must be completed by August 21, 2009. The anticipated for this project is as follows.

Henderson County Stormwater Master Plan	May 1, 2009
Task 1 – Creating a Stormwater Ordinance	10/15/08 – 5/31/09
Task 2 – Inventory of Existing Facilities Infrastructure	10/15/08 -11/7/08
Task 3 – Inventory of Critical Area Infrastructure	11/10/08 -11/26/08
Task 4 – Mapping of Stormwater System	12/5/08
Task 5 – Hydrologic and Hydraulic Modeling	12/8/08 – 1/16/09
Task 6 - Stormwater Related Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)	1/19/09 – 2/13/09
Task 7 – Master Plan Document	2/16/09 – 3/13/09

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McGILL ASSOCIATES, P.A.

Ву:				
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J.P. Johns, P.E.

Name: _____

Principal

Date:

September 18, 2008

PREAUDIT CERTIFICATE This instrument has been preaudited in the manner required by the Local Government Budget & Fiscal Control Act. N.C.G.S. 159-28(a)

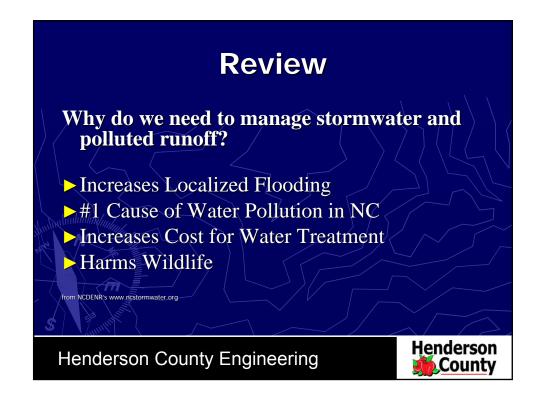
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Scope of Services Stormwater Master Plan Henderson County September 18, 2008









Review

Henderson County Strategic Plan,

(Strategy 4.2: Protect Water Quality)

Objectives:

Identify and incorporate Storm Water Management standards and requirements into County land development ordinances. [CCP: N-02-E] (FY2008)

Begin development and enforcement of Storm Water Management standards within County land development ordinances. [CCP: N-02-E] (FY2008)

Henderson County Engineering



Review

On July 1, 2007 as per NCGA Session Law 2006-246, the Water Quality Section of NCDENR began managing stormwater in Henderson County.

- Managed out of Raleigh
 - Permit Fee is \$505.00
 - Requires Stormwater Improvements on Development and some Re-Development



Review

NC Clean Water Management Trust Fund in June 2008 awarded an "Out of Cycle Grant" to Henderson County for a Stormwater Master Plan:

- Model Stormwater in County
- Identify Projects to Help Control Existing Flooding and Water Quality Problems (CIP)
- Develop SWM Ordinance (Delegated Program)

Henderson County Engineering



Review

06/27/08: Grant Awarded to Henderson County

07/16/08: Grant Agreement Approved by Board

09/17/08: Engineer Selection Approved by Board

10/15/08: Engineer Agreement Tabled by Board

to 11/03/08 Meeting





Stormwater Management **Delegated Program ► "Do Nothing Option"** with NCDENR continuing to managing the State SWM Program Develop a Delegated County Program similar to the County's delegated Erosion Control Program. Henderson **Henderson County Engineering**

County

Delegated Program Budget

- ► Combine SWM with Erosion Control
- ► Water Quality Enterprise Fund
 - Revenues from permit fees offset expenses with retained earnings (self supporting)
 - Retained earnings possible to fund Stormwater
 Capital Improvements to resolve existing flooding problems
- Currently, State program is funded by permit fees (fees currently paid to NCDENR)

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Program Budget, cont.

Estimated Annual Revenue

(Updated to reflect downturn in development)

- From State program, monthly permit rate is approximately 2 permits per month.
- Annual permits estimated at 24 permits
- State permit fee is \$505.00
- Estimated annual revenue (24 permits x \$505.00) = \$12,120.00



Program Budget, cont.

Estimated annual expenses added to Erosion Control's current budget

- At a rate of 2 permits / month, the Stormwater Program can be managed with existing staff and budget from permit revenue.
- The Stormwater Permits can be reviewed in conjunction with Erosion Control requiring less time than separate reviews.
- Self Sufficient Program w/ Inspections & Erosion

Henderson County Engineering



Program Budget, cont.

- Should the amount of permits increase, one additional staff will be needed. The corresponding increase in revenue will cover this expense.
- Should the Program become a financial burden, the County can discontinue the Delegated Program and State will assume jurisdiction again.



Delegated Program: Additional Considerations

- regulation or expense. The State is currently regulating Stormwater and the permit fees (and possible job) are sent to Raleigh.
- Develop program to fit specific needs of County (not part of Statewide program)

Engineering and Facility Services

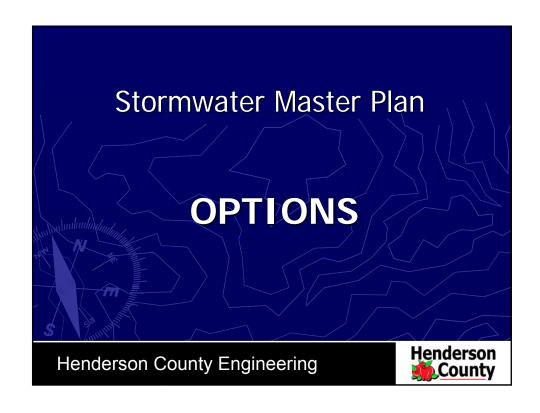


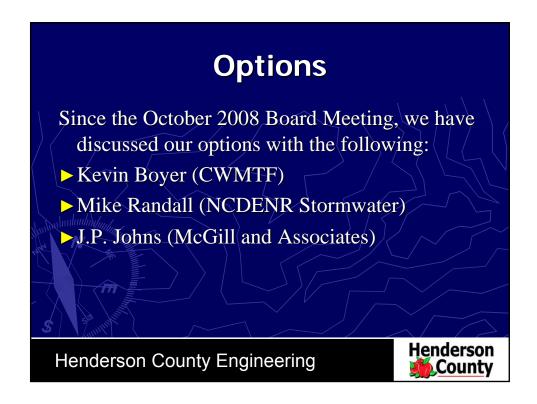
Delegated Program: Additional Considerations

- ► Efficient Regulation = Better Regulation for Applicants and Environment
 - One stop for Erosion Control & SWM
 - Quicker response: Local vs. Raleigh
 - Possibility for reduced permit fee
 - Efficiency develops cooperation not confrontation
- Henderson County has a lot to gain by a Delegated Program and very little to lose.

Engineering and Facility Services







Options

- The Ordinance portion of the Grant is not significant in effort or fee. It can be removed and replaced with analysis of another critical area or left in the scope and considered at a later date.
- The CWMTF is more interested in the modeling and development of projects which will be eligible for future Grants

Henderson County Engineering



Options

- An ordinance for a Delegated Program should be development and reviewed first. Then considered for approval.
- An ordinance will have a "shelf life" allowing Board consideration even after the completion of the Grant (Summer 2009).





Staff Recommendation

- Approve the proposed Agreement with McGill and Associates and continue with the Grant Agreement as approved.
- With the information from the Master Plan and possibly under better economic conditions, consider the ordinance for a Delegated Program at the end of the Grant process or "shelf" it.



